

Back to Basics Workshop

Nathan Moore, P.E - NCAT November 17-18, 2022

Jointly sponsored By VAA, VTRC and VDOT







## My Background

- ≥9 (combined) years working at NCAT
  - Volumetric mix design, BMD, Friction,
    Field work
  - >Training, training, training
- ➤ Not just "How?" but "Why?"









### Objective

- Provide examples of the importance of "Basics"
  - Consequences of ignoring
  - ➤ Benefits of understanding

➤ Simple, but not always easy





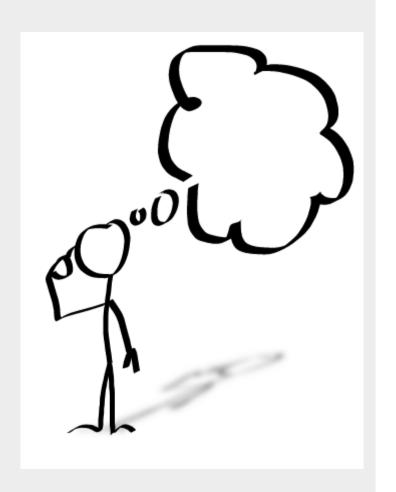




## Assumptions

- "This probably doesn't matter... right?
- > You know what happens when you assume?











# Example: G<sub>se</sub> versus G<sub>sb</sub>

- ► Using G<sub>se</sub> in calculating VMA versus G<sub>sb</sub>
  - > This effectively assumes no binder absorption









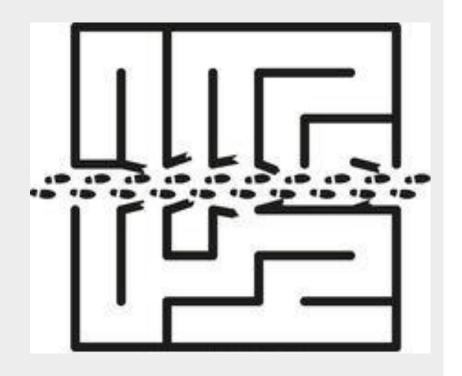
## Binder absorption



#### **Shortcuts**

- Shortcuts in test methods can lead to disastrous results
- >Shortcuts attempt to:
  - ➤ Save time, money, energy/effort
- "Shortcuts lead to long delays."

Mike Rowe





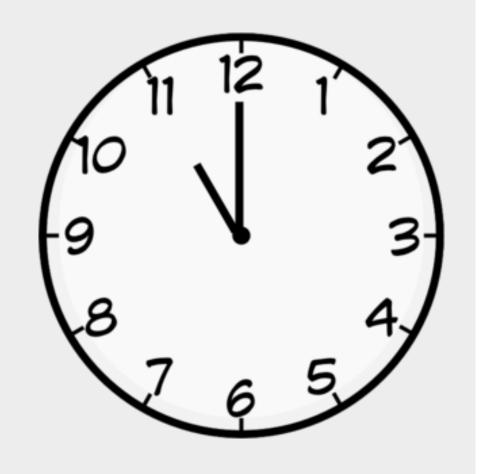




## Shortcut – Saving Time

- "Time is money"
  - ➤ But so is having to redo a task...

Not all shortcuts are bad but they shouldn't conflict with quality

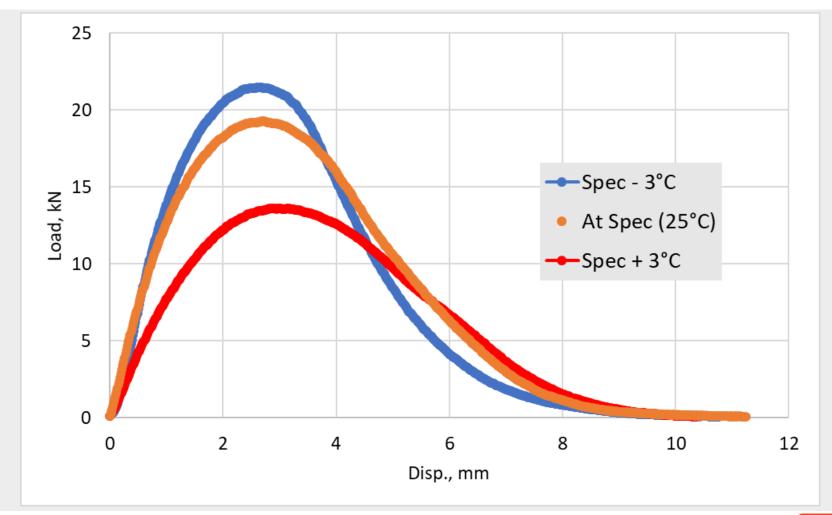








## **Example: Conditioning Time**









## Shortcut – Saving Money

It's too expensive to be cheap!

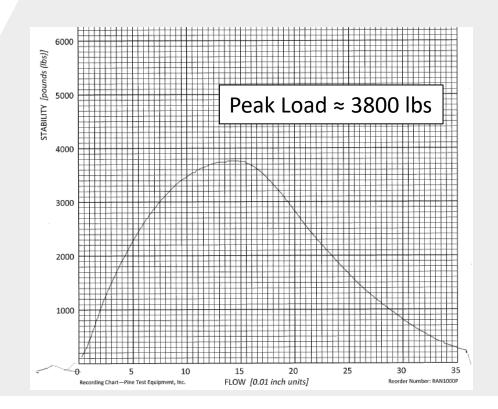


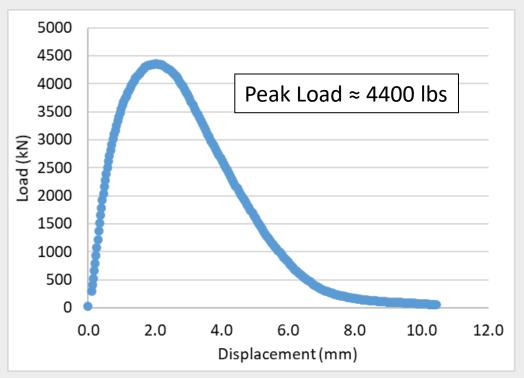




#### **Example: IDEAL-CT Machines**

➤ Old style paper vs. digital recording











# **Example: Pinching Pennies**

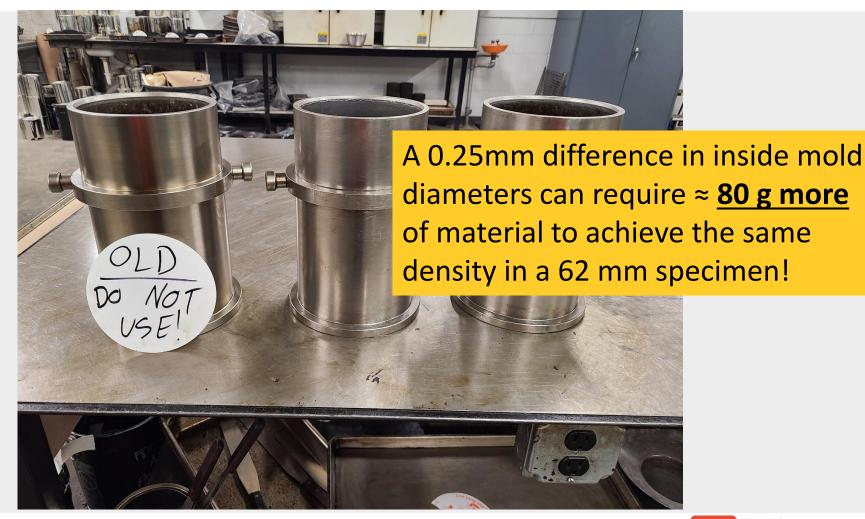








### Example: Replacing Equipment









## Shortcut – Saving Effort

- "I just wanna go home..."
  - ➤ Not cleaning equipment
  - ➤ Skipping steps
  - "I'll just do that tomorrow..."



https://www.health.harvard.edu/blog/dont-take-fatigue-lying-2017041411485

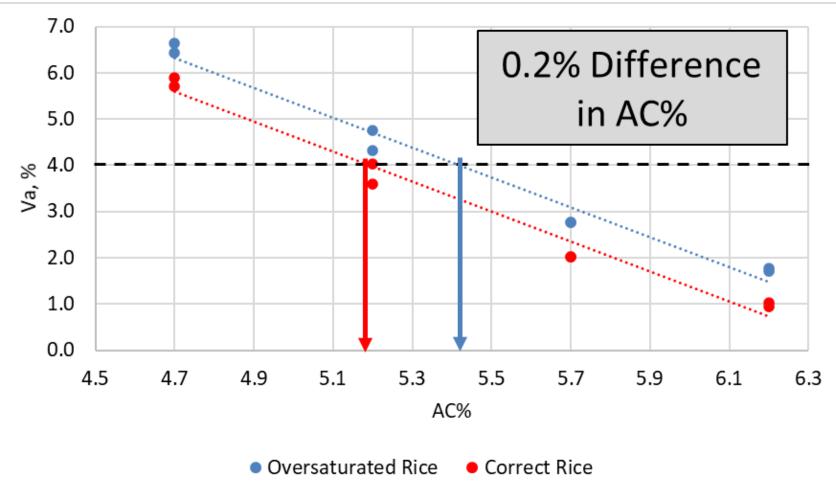






#### Example: Different Gmm's











#### What can the basics do for you?

There are MAJOR benefits of understanding the

basics

- Troubleshooting
- Pattern recognition
- Combine "Why?" with "How?"
  - Understanding the big picture
  - Without losing sight of important details



Image source: https://wishgroup.ca/work-hard-smart

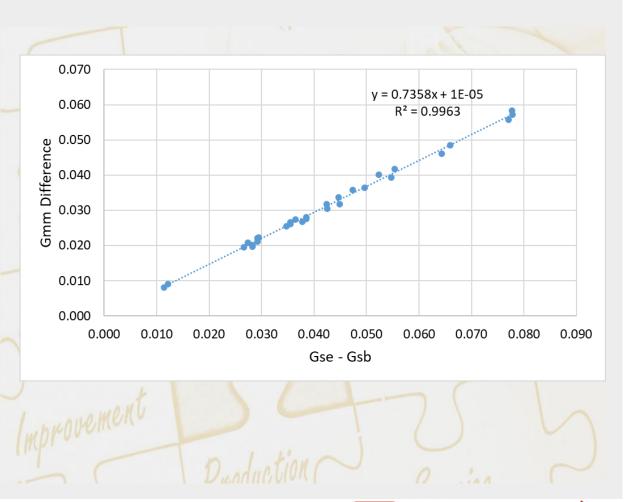






#### Example: Mix Design Tools

- Quick G<sub>mm</sub> estimator
  - Know your G<sub>sb</sub> vs. G<sub>se</sub>
  - Known G<sub>mm</sub> OR AC%
- You should be able to estimate what the other should be
- Or figure out what went wrong!



















Trial Weight Estimation

$$M_{target} = \left(\frac{\frac{100 - Target \, V_a}{100} x G_{mm}}{CF}\right) x \frac{\pi}{4} x D^2 x H$$

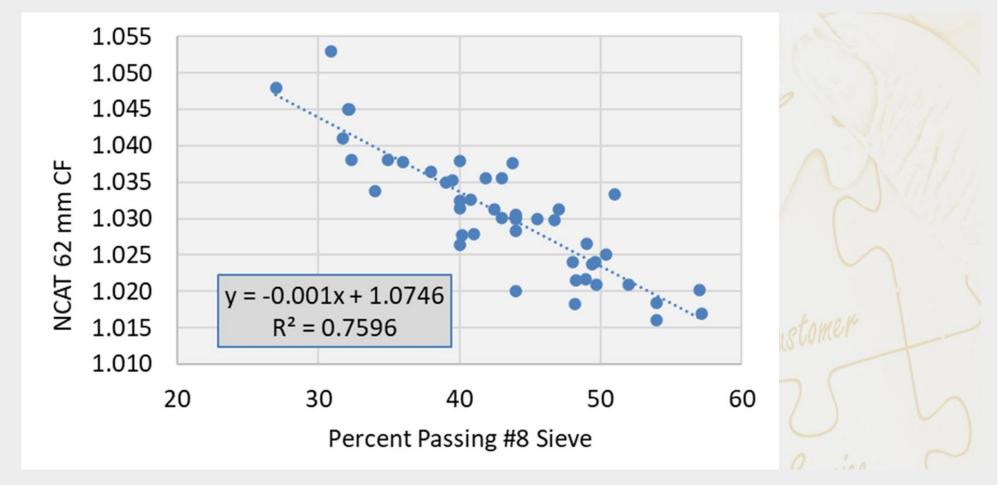
$$Volume Correction Factor$$

- For a 62 mm specimen, a range in CF from 1.015 to 1.045 translates to a 70 gram difference
  - 70 grams ≈ 3-4% air void difference
  - More iterations/specimens were often required to zero in on the target





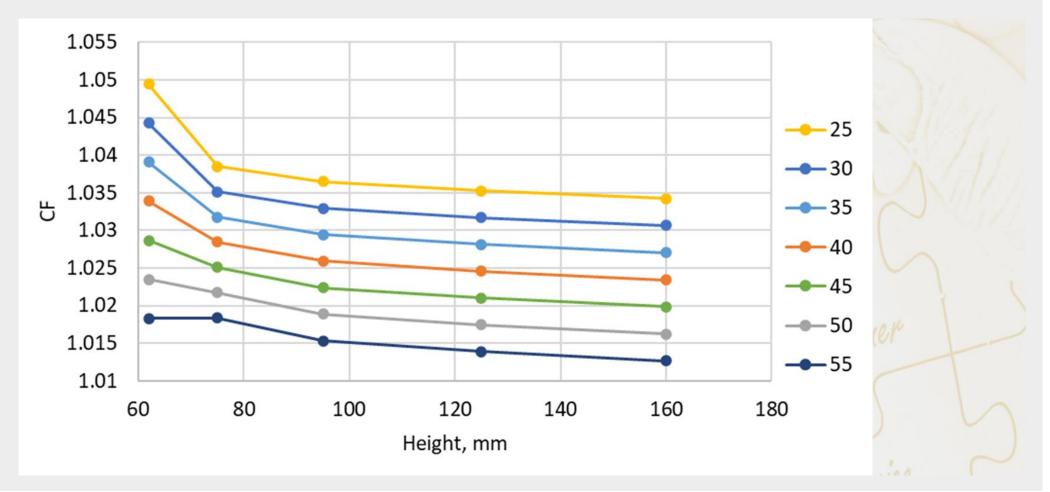


















#### Link to Download





https://aub.ie/NCAT\_Trial\_Weight\_Spreadsheet

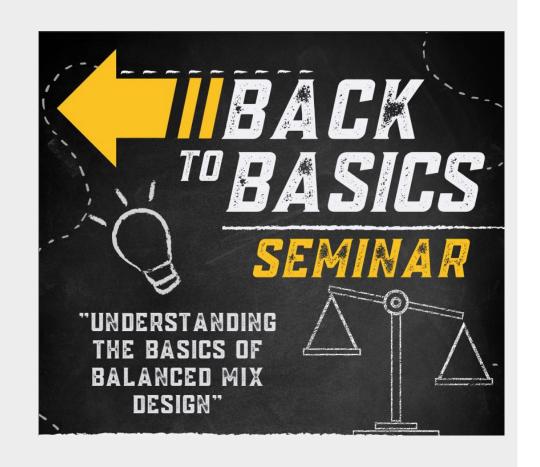






## Why Do Basics Matter?

- Solving problems requires understanding details
- Being cheap can be very expensive
- Never graduate beyond the basics
  - ➤ They will keep popping back up!











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